



# STATE FISCAL YEAR 2025 ILLINOIS FREEDOM FROM DRONES SURVEILLANCE ACT REPORT



# State Fiscal Year 2025 Illinois Freedom From Drone Surveillance Act Report

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## BACKGROUND

The Illinois Freedom from Drones Surveillance Act (the Act) provides reporting requirements for law enforcement drone ownership and usage. The Act requires law enforcement agencies in the state to report on drone ownership, usage, and policies to the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority (ICJIA) [725 ILCS 167] (Appendix A). ICJIA must then use the reported information to compile and publish an annual report. This report covers drone reporting in State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2025. Prior reports dating back to SFY 2014 are available for download on the ICJIA website on the [Drone Reporting for Law Enforcement Agencies webpage](#).

The Act states explicitly:

On July 1 of each year, the Authority [ICJIA] shall publish on its publicly available website a concise report that lists every law enforcement agency that owns a drone, and for each of those agencies, the number of drones that it owns, the number of times a drone was used pursuant to each paragraph of Section 15, including the date of use, time of use, reason for use, location, whether video was recorded, whether the video is designated for retention for training purposes. The report shall contain a copy of the agency's latest policy concerning drones as of the most recent April 1. [725 ILCS 167/35(b)].

The Act defines a “law enforcement agency” as “any agency or political subdivision of the state that is legally authorized to maintain public order and enforce criminal laws.” A “drone” is defined as “any aerial vehicle that operates without a human operator on board.”

## DATA COLLECTION PROCESS

### DATA COLLECTION TOOL

To facilitate law enforcement agencies reporting to ICJIA, we created a data collection tool using Qualtrics software (Appendix B). The tool collected information on drone ownership and allowed responding agencies to upload flight logs and drone policies. If an agency owned zero drones, it was still asked to respond to the data collection tool and indicate zero drone ownership. Agencies were to report on drones owned or used from April 1, 2024, to March 31, 2025.

### ADMINISTRATION OF DATA COLLECTION TOOL

We obtained the names and emails of law enforcement contacts from the National Public Safety Information Bureau and the Illinois Law Enforcement Alarm System (ILEAS) directories. In February 2025, the tool was emailed to 1,377 law enforcement contacts (e.g., Chiefs, Deputy Chiefs) at 877 agencies. This consisted of 774 municipal police departments, 102 sheriff's offices, and the Illinois State Police (ISP). Agencies that did not respond to the initial email received three reminder emails on March 10, March 21, and March 28, 2025, before the April 1 deadline. Thirty-seven agencies that did not respond to the tool or had missing information were contacted via phone and/or email.

### DATA ANALYSIS

Although not explicitly required by the Act, we analyzed the information in flight logs submitted to ICJIA. This section summarizes the steps taken to clean the data for analysis. Below is an itemized list of actions taken to obtain and clean the data:

1. **Appended Flight Logs.** Each agency submitted flight logs in Excel or CSV format. Once an agency's log was submitted, it was appended to a single Excel table that contained all flight logs.
2. **Corrected Formatting and Data Types.** Agencies were required to submit information regarding the time, duration, purpose, location, and retention of flights. However, agencies did not use the same data format. Therefore, we manipulated the formatting using Python's Pandas package to increase the data included in our analysis.
3. **Excluded Unusable Data.** After the data were cleaned, there were still entries with unusable information. These entries included:
  - a. Entries with dates or times prior to April 1, 2024.
  - b. Entries with indiscernible dates or times due to formatting.
4. **Keyword Search to Classify Flight Purpose.** According to the Act, law enforcement officers are permitted to use drones for ten purposes. Their flight logs provided varying text entries on the purpose of use. To categorize the purpose of use, we employed an exploratory method using a keyword search. Appendix C provides the terms used in the keyword search.

Once the data were cleaned, descriptive statistics were completed in Microsoft Excel and IBM SPSS (Statistical Package for the Social Sciences) version 25.

## DATA LIMITATIONS

First, to meet the Act's July 1 publishing deadline for SFY25 drone activity, we required agencies to submit data to ICJIA by April 1. This allowed sufficient time for data cleaning, analysis, and report preparation. As a result, this report does not include drone activity from April 1 to June 30. Second, to minimize the reporting burden on law enforcement agencies, we requested flight logs rather than requiring manual entry of each flight. However, flight logs varied in format and did not always contain all the information required by the Act. Categorizing the reasons for drone flights was also challenging, as flight narratives were brief and could fit multiple exemption categories under Section 15 of the Act. We used keyword searches to classify flight purposes, but this method may not have captured all relevant flights. We are working to improve our data collection and analysis processes, including exploring automated solutions. Our ability to provide comprehensive reports depends, as well, on accurate and complete reporting from agencies, available staff, and technological resources.

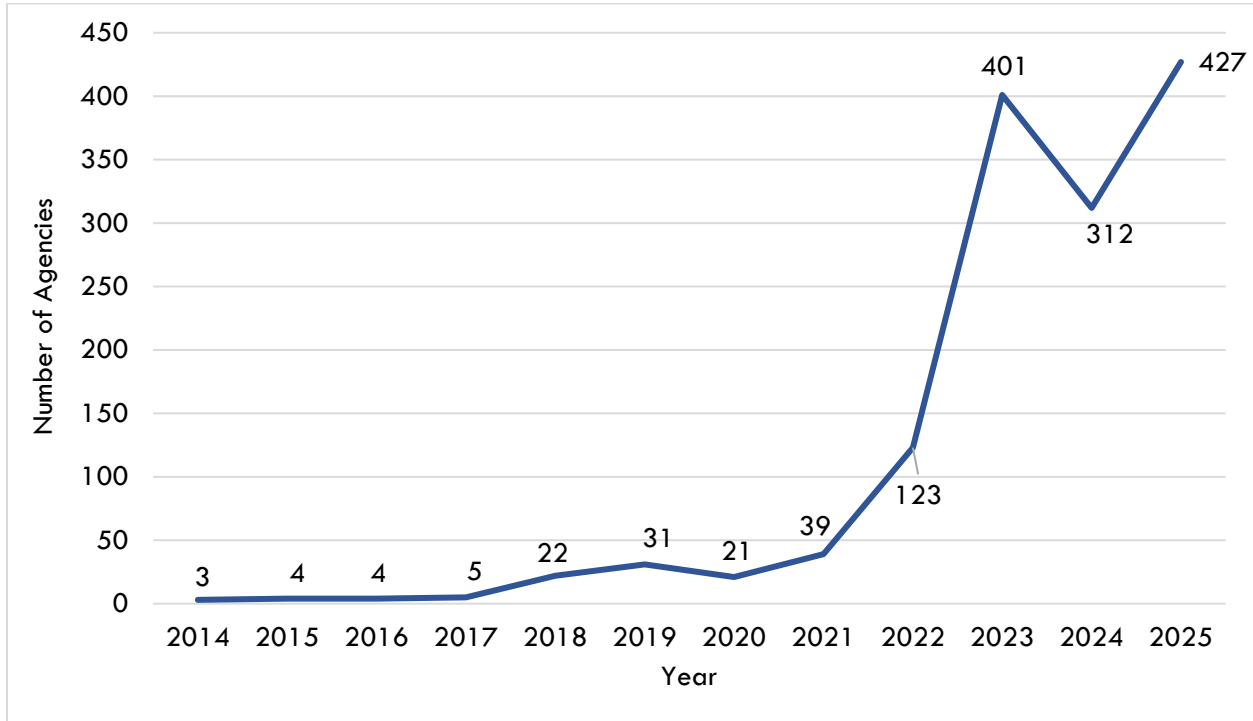
## RESULTS

### RESPONDENTS

Figure 1 displays the number of responding agencies since SFY14. The number of law enforcement agencies reporting increased by 36.9% from SFY24 to SFY25.

**Figure 1**

*Number of Reporting Law Enforcement Agencies, SFY 2014-25*



Note. The data sources were Illinois law enforcement agencies that reported to ICJIA. Data collection methodology was consistent from 2023 to 2025.

### RESPONSES

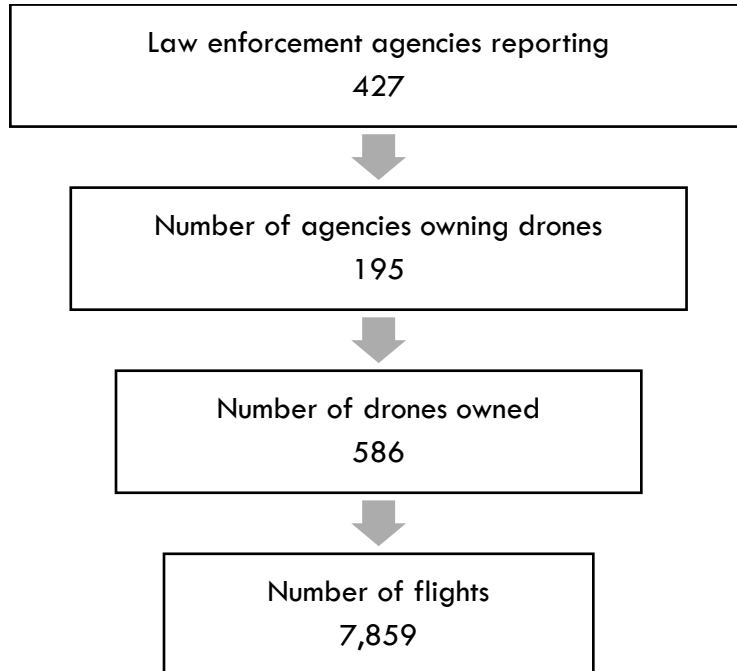
All flight logs uploaded through our data collection tool are available for download from the ICJIA website's [Drone Reporting for Law Enforcement Agencies webpage](#).

### DRONE OWNERSHIP

Figure 2 provides a general overview of reported drone ownership. Of the responding agencies, 45.7% reported drone ownership, and 54.3% had no drone ownership. Appendix D features a table noting all agencies reporting and their number of drones.

**Figure 2**

*Number of Reporting Law Enforcement Agencies, Drones, and Flights, SFY25*

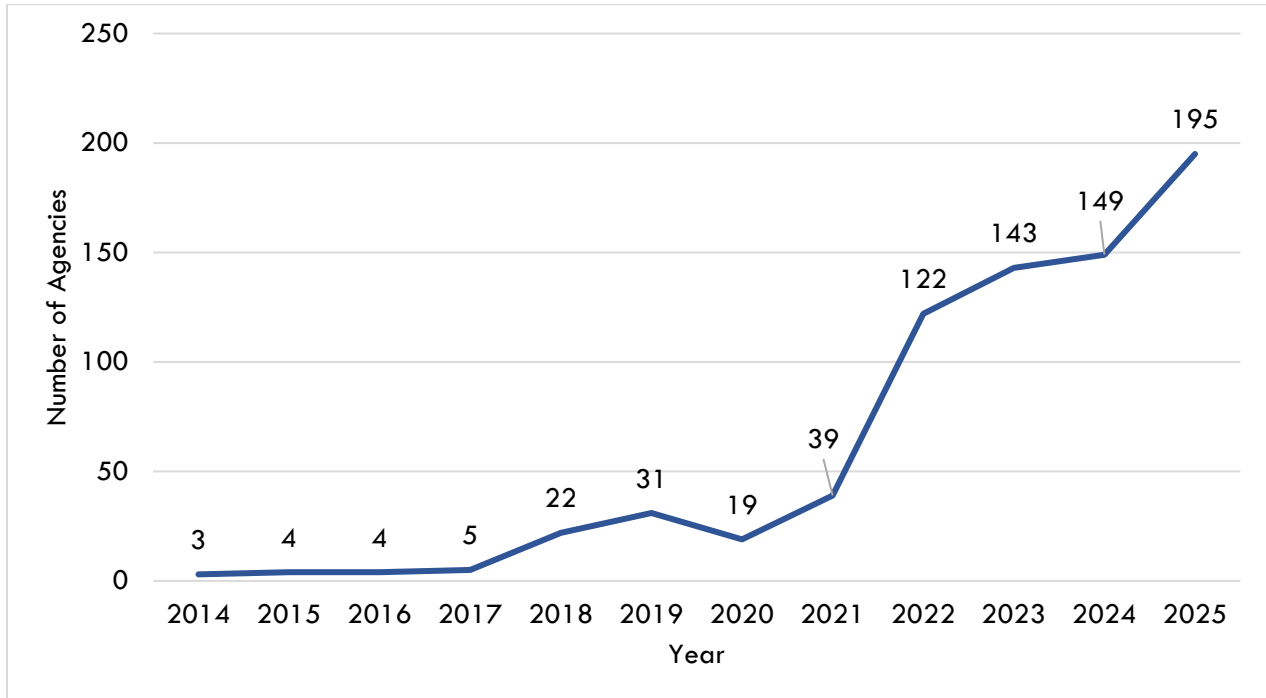


*Note.* The data sources were Illinois law enforcement agencies that reported to ICJIA.

Figure 3 depicts the number of agencies reporting drone ownership from SFY14 to SFY25. The number of reporting agencies increased fivefold from SFY21 to SFY25. These increases may be due, in part, to greater reporting awareness in law enforcement agencies.

**Figure 3**

*Number of Agencies Reporting Drone Ownership, SFY 2014-25*



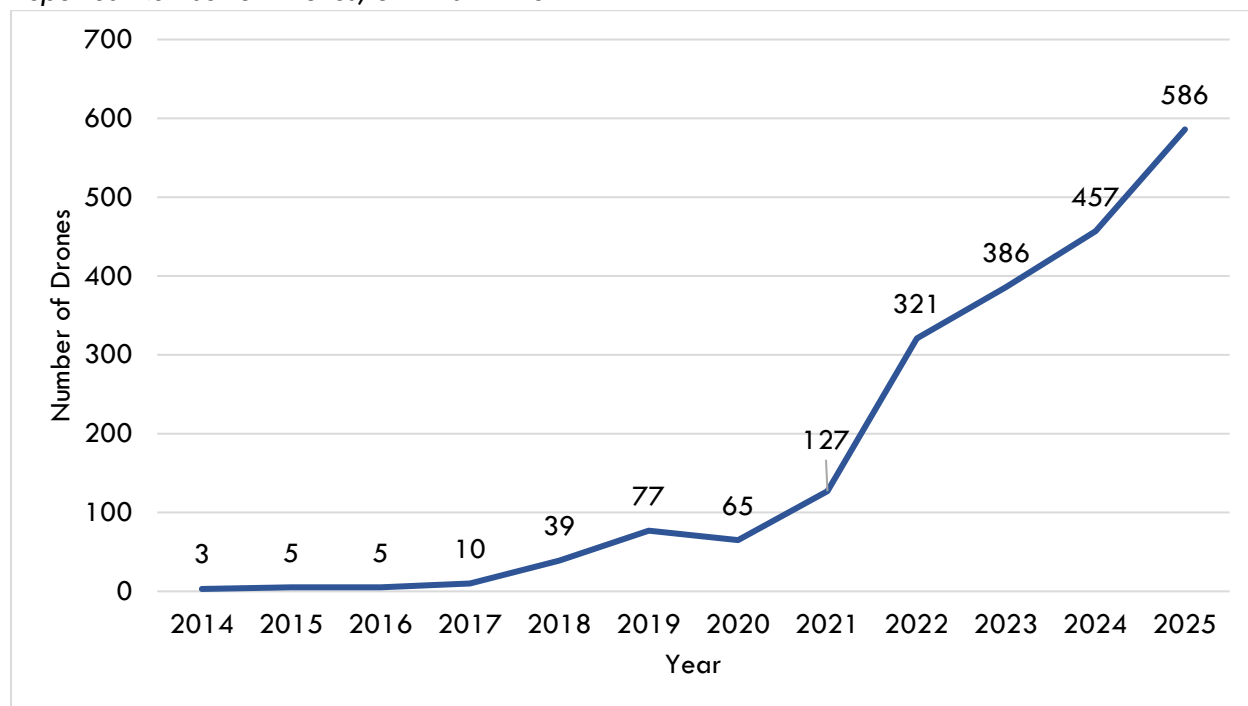
Note. The data sources were Illinois law enforcement agencies that reported to ICJIA.

Figure 4 displays the total number of drones owned over time. In SFY25, the number of drones increased by 30.9% from the previous year. There were nine times more drones owned in SFY25 than in SFY20.

In SFY25, the mean number of drones owned by each agency was three, and the median was two. The Illinois State Police Traffic Crash Reconstruction Unit owned the largest number of drones, 34.

**Figure 4**

*Reported Number of Drones, SFY 2014-25*



Note. The data sources were Illinois law enforcement agencies that reported to ICJIA.

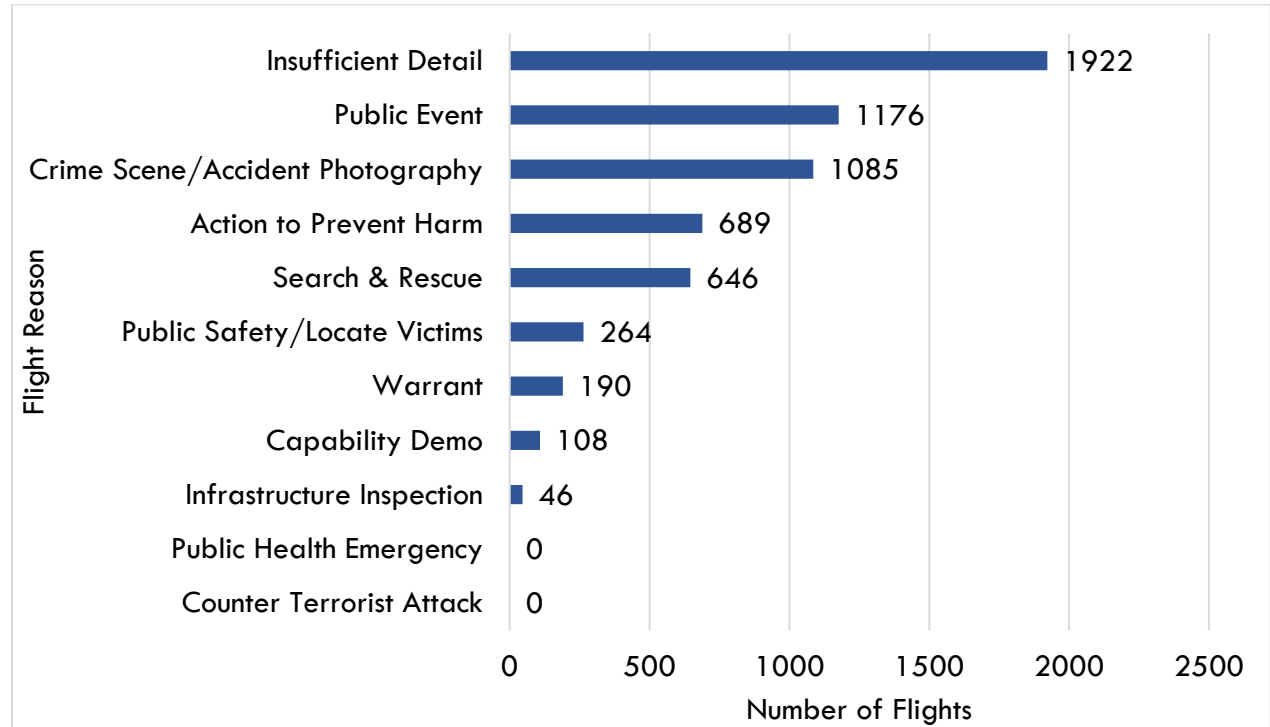
## **DRONE USAGE**

Agencies reported detailed information on 7,859 flights, including dates, times, locations, and reasons for use. Of these, 2,135 flights were designated as training flights. Training teaches staff how to operate or coordinate the flights with officers or other first responders. These training flights are not explicitly covered in the Act's statutory flight exemptions. However, some agencies indicated that training flights are "non-information gathering operations" and, thus, are not prohibited by the Act. Some agencies reported excluding training flights from their reporting for this reason. Figure 5 categorizes the reasons for the other 5,724 non-training flights, which could be in multiple categories.

The reason most cited for drone use was for public events, such as parades, festivals, or concerts. During these events, drones can monitor access points and identify traffic routes, evaluate crowd size and density, or assist public safety personnel with responding to emergencies. The next most reported use was for crime or traffic accident scene photography. This was followed by the use of drones when "swift action is needed to prevent imminent harm to life, or to prevent the imminent escape of a suspect or the destruction of evidence" [725 ILCS 167/15(3)].

**Figure 5**

*Statutory Exemptions for Non-Training Drone Flights, SFY25*



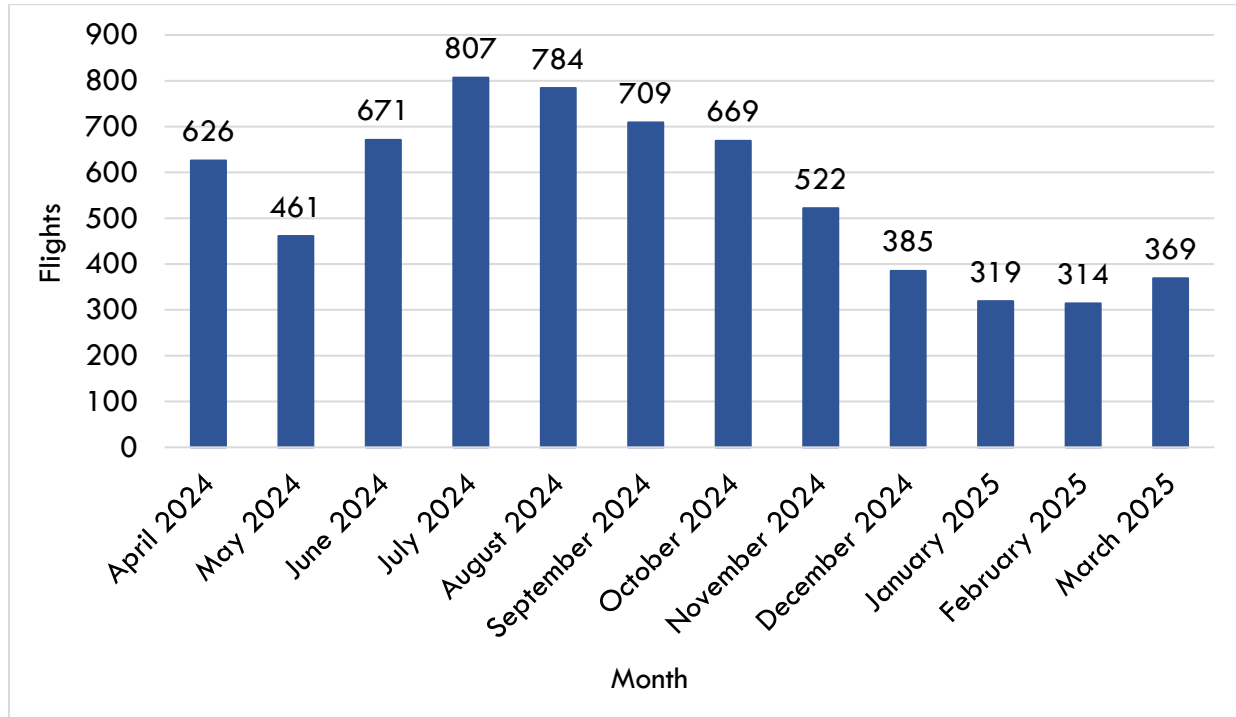
Note. The data sources were Illinois law enforcement agencies that reported to ICJIA—categorized according to the 10 exemptions outlined in Section 15 of the Act.

Law enforcement agencies also shared the estimated duration of their drone flights in the flight logs. For agencies that shared flight duration, the mean length was 30.6 minutes, and the median was 17.0 minutes.

Figure 6 shows the months when drones were most often used. Drone usage appeared to be highest in the summer and lowest in the winter.

**Figure 6**

*Drone Usage by Month, SFY25*

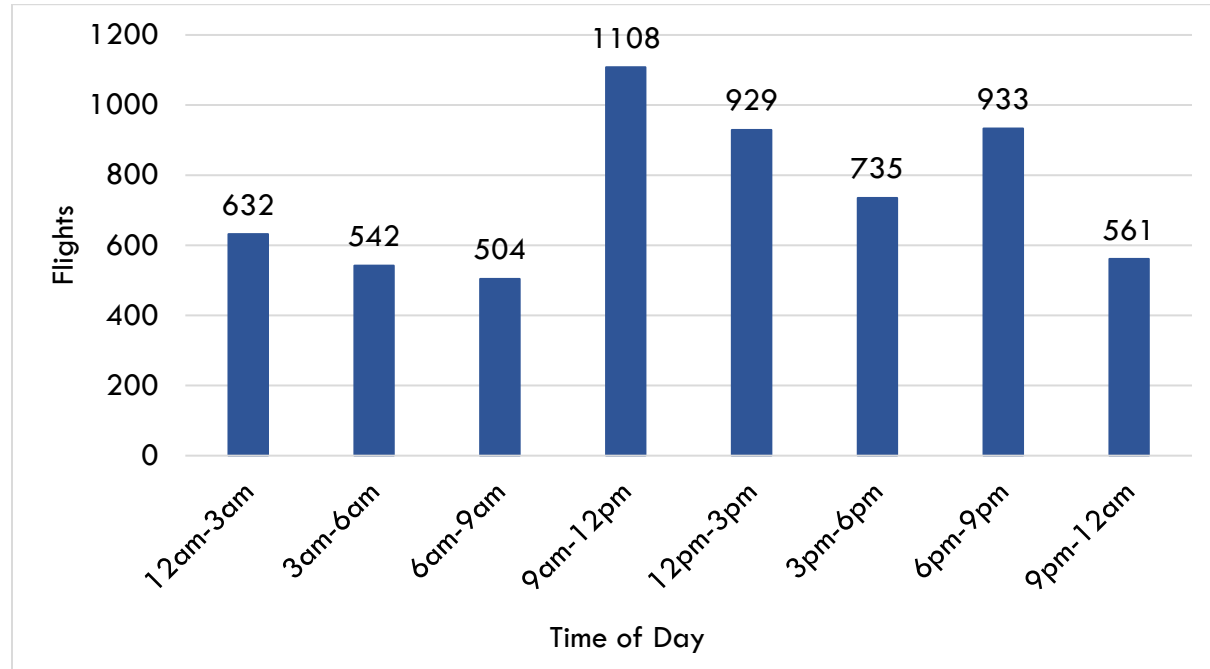


*Note.* The data sources were Illinois law enforcement agencies that reported to ICJIA. The numbers may not equal the total number of flights in the flight logs, as logs sometimes do not include the date of each flight. Those without a date were excluded from this graph.

Figure 7 displays the times that drones were most often used throughout the day. Drone usage most frequently occurred in the morning to early afternoon and again during the early evening hours.

**Figure 7**

*Drone Usage Across Time of Day, SFY25*



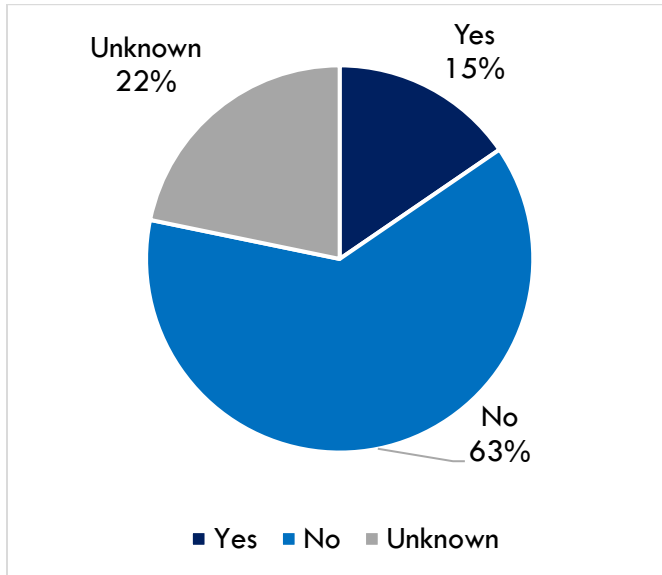
*Note.* The data sources were Illinois law enforcement agencies that reported to ICJIA. The numbers may not equal the total number of flights in the flight logs, as logs sometimes did not include the time of each flight. Those without a time were excluded from this graph.

### **DRONE FLIGHT VIDEOS AND RECORDINGS**

In addition to the reasons for flights, the Act requires law enforcement agencies to indicate whether their drones recorded video footage and whether the video was retained for training purposes. Responding agencies indicated that most drone flights were not recorded (5,011 flights; see Figure 8). A total of 1,233 flights were recorded, and the recording status of 1,737 flights was unknown.

**Figure 8**

*Law Enforcement Agencies' Video Recordings of Drones, SFY25*

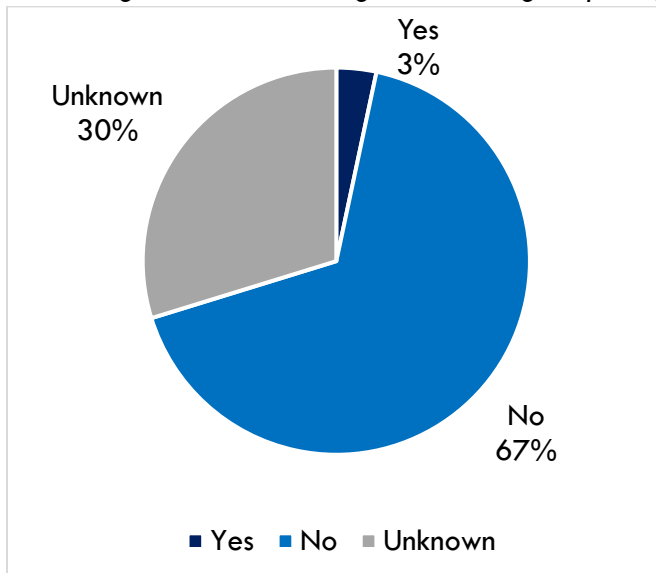


*Note.* The data sources were Illinois law enforcement agencies that reported to ICJIA.

Most of the agencies that recorded footage did not do so for training purposes (Figure 9). Of flights submitted to ICJIA, 266 were recorded for training purposes, 5,340 were either not recorded, or recorded for purposes other than training, and 2,375 reasons for recording were unknown.

**Figure 9**

*Drone Flight Video Recordings for Training Purposes, SFY25*



*Note.* The data sources were Illinois law enforcement agencies that reported to ICJIA.

## ***DRONE POLICIES***

Law enforcement agencies uploaded 195 drone policies. Most of these policies were classified as “Unmanned Aircraft Systems” policies, a term used instead of drones by the Federal Aviation Administration. Submitted drone policies are available for download on the ICJIA website’s [Drone Reporting for Law Enforcement Agencies webpage](#).

## CONCLUSION

This report presents information on Illinois law enforcement drone ownership, usage, and policies in SFY 25 as required under the Freedom from Drone Surveillance Act. Law enforcement agencies reported increases in drone ownership and the number of drones owned over time. This may be due, in part, to more law enforcement agencies reporting to ICJIA. Of the flights reported, drones were most often used from late morning to early evening hours and in the summer months. Agencies reported using drones predominately to oversee public events, like festivals and parades, followed by crime and traffic accident scene photography.

## APPENDIX A: SECTION 15 OF THE ACT

Sec. 15. Exceptions. This Act does not prohibit the use of a drone by a law enforcement agency:

(1) To counter a high risk of a terrorist attack by a specific individual or organization if the United States Secretary of Homeland Security determines that credible intelligence indicates that there is that risk.

(2) If a law enforcement agency first obtains a search warrant based on probable cause issued under Section 108-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. The warrant must be limited to a period of 45 days, renewable by the judge upon a showing of good cause for subsequent periods of 45 days.

(3) If a law enforcement agency possesses reasonable suspicion that, under particular circumstances, swift action is needed to prevent imminent harm to life, or to forestall the imminent escape of a suspect or the destruction of evidence. The use of a drone under this paragraph (3) is limited to a period of 48 hours. Within 24 hours of the initiation of the use of a drone under this paragraph (3), the chief executive officer of the law enforcement agency must report in writing the use of a drone to the local State's Attorney.

(4) If a law enforcement agency is not undertaking a criminal investigation but is attempting to locate a missing person, engaging in search and rescue operations, or aiding a person who cannot otherwise be safely reached.

(5) If a law enforcement agency is using a drone solely for crime scene and traffic crash scene photography. Crime scene and traffic crash photography must be conducted in a geographically confined and time-limited manner to document specific occurrences. The use of a drone under this paragraph (5) on private property requires either a search warrant based on probable cause under Section 108-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 or lawful consent to search. The use of a drone under this paragraph (5) on lands, highways, roadways, or areas belonging to this State or political subdivisions of this State does not require a search warrant or consent to search. Any law enforcement agency operating a drone under this paragraph (5) shall make every reasonable attempt to only photograph the crime scene or traffic crash scene and avoid other areas.

(6) If a law enforcement agency is using a drone during a disaster or public health emergency, as defined by Section 4 of the Illinois Emergency Management Agency Act. The use of a drone under this paragraph (6) does not require an official declaration of a disaster or public health emergency prior to use. A law enforcement agency may use a drone under this paragraph (6) to obtain information necessary for the determination of whether or not a disaster or public health emergency should be declared, to monitor weather or emergency conditions, to survey damage, or to otherwise coordinate response and recovery efforts. The use of a drone under this paragraph (6) is permissible during the disaster or public health emergency and during subsequent response and recovery efforts.

(7) To conduct an infrastructure inspection of a designated building or structure at the express request of a local government agency. Any law enforcement agency operating a drone under this paragraph (7) shall make every reasonable attempt to photograph only the building or structure and to avoid other areas.

(8) To demonstrate the capabilities and functionality of a police drone for public relations purposes, provided that no information is collected or recorded by the drone during such demonstration.

(9) In response to Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) dispatched calls for service, when the sole purpose for using a drone is for one or more first responders to locate victims, to assist with immediate victim health or safety needs, or to coordinate the response of emergency vehicles and personnel to an emergency. As used in this paragraph (9), "Public Safety Answering Point" and "PSAP" have the meaning given to those terms in Section 2 of the Emergency Telephone System Act.

(10) If a law enforcement agency is using a drone at a routed event or special event. The use of a drone under this paragraph (10) requires that:

(A) notice is posted at the event location for at least 24 hours before the event and clearly communicates that drones may be used at the upcoming event for the purpose of real-time monitoring of participant safety;

(B) notice is posted, if practical, at major entry points to the event clearly informing the attendees that a drone may be used for the purpose of real-time monitoring of participant safety; and

(C) the drone is flown in accordance with Federal Aviation Administration safety regulations.

Under this paragraph (10), a law enforcement agency may use the drone:

(i) in advance of an event, before event participants have begun to assemble, for the sole purpose of creating maps and determining appropriate access routes, staging areas, and traffic routes, provided that no personal identifying information is recorded and provided further that no recorded information is used in any criminal prosecution; or

(ii) during the event to proactively support public safety personnel by monitoring the event footprint in real time:

(I) to detect a breach of event space, including a breach by an unauthorized vehicle, an interruption of a parade route, or a breach of an event barricade or fencing;

(II) to evaluate crowd size and density;

(III) to identify activity that could present a public safety issue for the crowd as a whole, including crowd movement;

(IV) to assist in the response of public safety personnel to a real-time public safety incident at the event; and

(V) to assess the traffic and pedestrian flow around the event in real time.

## APPENDIX B: DATA COLLECTION TOOL

In accordance with the Illinois Drones as First Responders Act [Public Act 103-0101],<sup>1</sup> the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority is mandated to annually publish on its publicly available website information from Illinois law enforcement agencies on drones ownership, usage, and policies for the previous reporting period.

Please report for this time period: April 1, 2024 - March 31, 2025

Please fill out the form below:

- ☐ Name of person completing form \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ Title \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ Organization/agency \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ City \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ Email Address \_\_\_\_\_

Does your agency own one (1) or more drones?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

How many drones does your agency own? \_\_\_\_\_

How many times was a drone used by your agency? If used at least once, you will need to upload your flight log below. \_\_\_\_\_

### Instructions for Saving Files:

Please save your drone flight logs and policies using a specific naming convention to help us identify the source and content of each file. Each file may be up to 50MB and you can compress files in a zip file if needed.

**Drone Flight Logs:** Upload your flight log (Microsoft Excel preferred). The log must include the date of use, the time of use, reason for use, location of use, whether video was recorded, and whether the video is designated for retention for training purposes. Save the flight log as one file naming it like this: "AgencyName\_DronesUse2025."

**Drone Policies:** Upload your drone policy (PDF preferred). Save the policy using a file name like this: "AgencyName\_DronesPolicy2025."

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<sup>1</sup> The "Drones as First Responders Act" served as an amendment to the "Freedom from Drone Surveillance Act." The citation for the overall Act is still the "Freedom from Drone Surveillance Act." This form will be updated to reflect this in future years of reporting.

Once you have saved your files with the specified naming convention, please upload them below.

Please upload your agency's drone flight logs from April 1, 2024 through March 31, 2025. Please name your file per the directions above. Please skip this item if you do not have any drones or drone flights to report.

Upload flight logs

Please upload your agency's current drones policy. Please name your file per the directions above. Please skip this item if you do not have a drones policy.

Upload drones policy

## APPENDIX C: KEY WORDS USED IN SEARCH

Category	Keywords
(2) Warrant	'Warra'
(3) Harm to life, suspect	'Harm' 'Pursue' 'Fugitive' 'Suici' 'Flee' 'Escap' 'Offen'
(4) Missing person, s&r	'Miss' 'Rescu' 'S&r'
(5) Crime scene/traffic	'Crash' 'Scene' 'Traffic' 'Scene' 'Accident'
(7) Infrastructure	'7'
(8) Demonstration to public	'Display' 'Demo' '(8)'
(9) Public safety	'(9)'
(10) Special event	'Event' 'Festival' 'Parade' 'Protest' 'Concert' '4th of July'
N/A training	'Train'

*Note.* For categories 7 and 9, research staff made the decision to search flight logs using the exemption number in the statute, rather than using characters or strings, for accuracy purposes. This process will be refined in future years of reporting.

## APPENDIX D: DRONE TOTALS BY RESPONDING AGENCY

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Albers Police Department	No		
Alexis Police Department	No		
Algonquin Police Department	Yes	2	26
Alpha Police Department	No		
Alsip Police Department	No		
Altamont Police Department	No		
Alton Police Department	Yes	5	10
Amtrak Police Department	No		
Anna Police Department	No		
Annawan Police Department	No		
Antioch Police Department	Yes	2	10
Auburn Police Department	No		
Aurora Police Department	Yes	8	492
Aurora University Police Department	No		
Aviston Police Department	No		
Barrington Hills Police Department	No		
Barrington Police Department	Yes	1	18
Bartlett Police Department	Yes	4	11
Batavia Police Department	Yes	1	19
Bath Police Department	No		
Beardstown Police Department	Yes	1	0
Beecher Police Department	No		
Belleville Police Department	Yes	3	22
Belt Railway Police Department	Yes	2	0
Belvidere Police Department	Yes	1	1
Black Hawk College Police Department	No		
Bloomington Police Department	Yes	6	275
Blue Island Police Department	Yes	1	7
Blue Mound Police Department	No		
Bolingbrook Police Department	Yes	11	52
Boone County Sheriff's Office	Yes	4	26
Bourbonnais Police Department	No		
Bradley University Police Department	No		

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Braidwood Police Department	No		
Breese Police Department	No		
Brookfield Police Department	Yes	2	13
Buffalo Grove Police Department	Yes	1	8
Bull Valley Police Department	No		
Bureau County Sheriff's Office	No		
Byron Police Department	No		
Calumet City Police Department	No		
Campton Hills Police Department	Yes	1	12
Carlyle Police Department	No		
Carmi Police Department	No		
Carol Stream Police Department	Yes	6	4
Carpentersville Police Department	Yes	3	9
Carthage Police Department	No		
Cary Police Department	Yes	1	12
Catlin Police Department	No		
Chadwick Police Department	No		
Champaign County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	14
Champaign Police Department	Yes	6	79
Channahon Police Department	Yes	3	20
Charleston Police Department	No		
Chenoa Police Department	No		
Cherry Valley Police Department	Yes	1	36
Chicago Police Department	Yes	16	566
Chicago Ridge Police Department	No		
Chrisman Police Department	No		
Cicero Police Department	Yes	1	30
Clarendon Hills Police Department	Yes	1	11
Clark County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	0
Clifton Police Department	No		
Coal Valley Police Department	No		
College of Lake County Police Department	No		
Colona Police Department	No		
Concordia University Chicago Police Department	No		
Country Club Hills Police Department	Yes	3	9

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Countryside Police Department	Yes	3	12
Crest Hill Police Department	No		
Crete Police Department	No		
Crystal Lake Police Department	Yes	2	36
Darien Police Department	Yes	1	22
DeKalb Police Department	Yes	2	3
Delavan Police Department	No		
DePue Police Department	No		
DeSoto Police Department	No		
Dewitt County Sheriff's Office	Yes	2	0
Divernon Police Department	No		
Dixon Police Department	Yes	3	0
Downers Grove Police Department	Yes	3	3
Downs Police Department	No		
DuPage MERIT Task Force	Yes	6	50
Dupo Police Department	No		
Dwight Police Department	No		
Earlville Police Department	No		
East Hazel Crest Police Department	No		
East Moline Police Department	Yes	1	21
East Peoria Police Department	Yes	2	11
East St. Louis Police Department	No		
Edgar County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	1
Edwards County Sheriff's Office	No		
Edwardsville Police Department	No		
Effingham County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	9
Elburn Police Department	Yes	2	18
Elgin Community College Police Department	No		
Elgin Police Department	Yes	12	740
Elizabeth Police Department	No		
Elk Grove Village Police Department	Yes	3	26
Elmhurst Police Department	Yes	2	173
Elmwood Police Department	No		
Elwood Police Department	Yes	1	0
Erie Police Department	Yes	1	1
Essex Police Department	No		

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Eureka College Police Department	No		
Eureka Police Department	No		
Evanston Police Department	Yes	3	28
Evergreen Park Police Department	Yes	3	2
Fairfield Police Department	No		
Fairmont City Police Department	No		
Fairview Heights Police Department	Yes	3	24
Farina Police Department	No		
Farmer City Police Department	No		
Fayette County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	0
Flossmoor Police Department	No		
Ford County Sheriff's Office	No		
Forest Park Police Department	No		
Fox Lake Police Department	Yes	1	0
Frankfort Police Department	No		
Franklin County Sheriff's Office	No		
Fulton County Sheriff's Office	No		
Galesburg Police Department	Yes	1	21
Galva Police Department	No		
Geneva Police Department	Yes	1	47
Gibson City Police Department	No		
Gifford Police Department	No		
Girard Police Department	No		
Glen Carbon Police Department	Yes	1	147
Glen Ellyn Police Department	Yes	1	4
Glenview Police Department	No		
Glenwood Police Department	No		
Grafton Police Department	No		
Grand Ridge Police Department	No		
Grandview Police Department	No		
Granite City Police Department	No		
Grayslake Police Department	Yes	2	5
Grayville Police Department	No		
Greene County Sheriff's Office	No		
Greenville Police Department	No		
Grundy County Sheriff's Office	Yes	7	12

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Gurnee Police Department	Yes		
Hamel Police Department	No		
Hamilton County Sheriff's Office	No		
Hamilton Police Department	No		
Hampshire Police Department	No		
Hanover Park Police Department	Yes	2	30
Hardin County Sheriff's Office	No		
Harper College Police Department	No		
Harrisburg Police Department	No		
Harvard Police Department	Yes	1	0
Henderson County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	4
Henry County Sheriff's Office	Yes	4	7
Heyworth Police Department	No		
Hickory Hills Police Department	No		
Highland Police Department	Yes	1	4
Hillside Police Department	Yes	2	12
Hoffman Estates Police Department	Yes	1	175
Homewood Police Department	No		
Hopedale Police Department	No		
Huntley Police Department	Yes	3	34
Illinois Secretary of State	Yes	1	0
Illinois State Police - Crime Scene Services	Yes	19	80
Illinois State Police - Traffic Crash Reconstruction Unit	Yes	34	747
Illinois State University Police Department	No		
Indian Head Park Police Department	No		
Inverness Police Department	No		
Island Lake Police Department	No		
Itasca Police Department	Yes	2	15
Jackson County Sheriff's Office	Yes	4	20
Jefferson County Sheriff's Office	Yes	2	28
Jersey County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	11
Jerseyville Police Department	No		
Johnson County Sheriff's Office	No		
Justice Police Department	No		

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Kane County Sheriff's Office	Yes	22	121
Kankakee County Sheriff's Office	Yes	10	88
Kaskaskia College Police Department	No		
Kendall County Sheriff's Office	Yes	3	22
Kewanee Police Department	Yes	1	1
Kirkland Police Department	No		
La Grange Park Police Department	Yes	2	14
LaGrange Police Department	No		
Lake Bluff Police Department	No		
Lake County Sheriff's Office	Yes	14	28
Lake Forest Police Department	Yes	3	20
Lake in the Hills Police Department	Yes	1	6
Lake Villa Police Department	Yes	1	7
Lake Zurich Police Department	No		
Lakemoor Police Department	No		
Lansing Police Department	No		
LaSalle County Sheriff's Office	Yes	3	10
LaSalle Police Department	Yes	1	8
Lebanon Police Department	No		
Lee County Sheriff's Office	Yes	5	9
Lemont Police Department	No		
LeRoy Police Department	Yes	2	3
Lewis University Police Department	Yes	1	3
Lexington Police Department	No		
Libertyville Police Department	Yes	4	48
Lincoln Land Community College Police Department	No		
Lincoln Police Department	Yes	2	0
Lincolnwood Police Department	Yes	1	11
Lindenhurst Police Department	Yes	1	3
Lisle Police Department	No		
Litchfield Police Department	No		
Livingston County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	3
Lockport Police Department	No		
Logan County Sheriff's Office	Yes	2	14
Lombard Police Department	Yes	3	158
Loves Park Police Department	Yes	1	61

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Mackinaw Police Department	No		
Macomb Police Department	No		
Macon County Sheriff's Office	Yes	5	7
Major Case Assistance Team	Yes	1	16
Manhattan Police Department	Yes	1	1
Manteno Police Department	Yes	2	18
Marengo Police Department	No		
Marion County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	0
Marion Police Department	Yes	1	0
Marissa Police Department	No		
Maroa Police Department	No		
Marquette Heights Police Department	No		
Marseilles Police Department	No		
Marshall County Sheriff's Office	No		
Marshall Police Department	No		
Martinsville Police Department	No		
Maryville Police Department	No		
Mason City Police Department	No		
Mason County Sheriff's Office	No		
Massac County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	0
Mattoon Police Department	Yes	3	7
Mazon Police Department	No		
McCook Police Department	Yes	2	3
McHenry County College Police Department	No		
McHenry County Sheriff's Office	Yes	3	28
McHenry Police Department	Yes	1	29
McLean County Sheriff's Office	Yes	2	25
McLeansboro Police Department	No		
Mercer County Sheriff's Office	No		
Meredosia Police Department	No		
Merrionette Park Police Department	No		
Metamora Police Department	No		
Metra Police Department	Yes	5	112
Metropolis Police Department	No		
Metropolitan Airport Authority of Peoria	No		

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Milledgeville Police Department	No		
Millikin University Police Department	No		
Minier Police Department	No		
Minooka Police Department	Yes	2	13
Mokena Police Department	Yes	3	42
Momence Police Department	No		
Monmouth Police Department	No		
Montgomery County Sheriff's Office	No		
Morris Police Department	Yes	2	25
Morton Grove Police Department	Yes	3	3
Moultrie County Sheriff's Office	Yes	3	3
Mount Prospect Police Department	Yes	2	44
Mount Sterling Police Department	No		
Mount Vernon Police Department	Yes	2	181
Mt. Carmel Police Department	Yes	1	0
Mundelein Police Department	Yes	2	59
Naperville Police Department	Yes	5	66
Naplate Police Department	No		
Nashville Police Department	No		
New Athens Police Department	No		
New Lenox Police Department	Yes	2	7
Newman Police Department	No		
Normal Police Department	Yes	5	13
Norridge Police Department	No		
North Aurora Police Department	Yes	3	44
North Pekin Police Department	No		
Northbrook Police Department	Yes	3	11
Northfield Police Department / MCAT	Yes	5	22
Northlake Police Department	Yes	2	1
Northwestern University Police Department	No		
Oak Brook Police Department	Yes	1	20
Oak Lawn Police Department	Yes	3	45
Oakland Police Department	No		
Oakton College Police Department	No		
Odin Police Department	No		
Ogle County Sheriff's Office	Yes	2	3

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Okawville Police Department	No		
Olney Police Department	Yes	1	14
Oreana Police Department	No		
Oregon Police Department	No		
Orland Hills Police Department	Yes	2	7
Orland Park Police Department	Yes	6	25
Oswego Police Department	Yes	2	254
Ottawa Police Department	No		
Palatine Police Department	Yes	2	25
Palestine Police Department	No		
Palmyra Police Department	No		
Palos Heights Police Department	Yes	2	15
Palos Park Police Department	No		
Park Forest Police Department	Yes	1	27
Park Ridge Police Department	Yes	1	6
Parkland College Police Department	No		
Pawnee Police Department	No		
Pearl City Police Department	No		
Pekin Police Department	Yes	3	47
Peoria County Sheriff's Office	Yes	6	22
Peoria Heights Police Department	Yes	2	18
Perry County Sheriff's Office	No		
Peru Police Department	No		
Petersburg Police Department	No		
Piatt County Sheriff's Office	No		
Pike County Sheriff's Office	No		
Plainfield Police Department	Yes	3	8
Plano Police Department	Yes	1	67
Pontiac Police Department	Yes	2	0
Pontoon Beach Police Department	No		
Princeton Police Department	Yes	1	4
Principia College Campus Security Department	No		
Prophetstown Police Department	Yes	1	0
Prospect Heights Police Department	No		
Quincy University Police Department	No		
Rend Lake College Police Department	No		

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Richland Community College	No		
Department of Public Safety			
Richland County Sheriff's Office	No		
Richton Park Police Department	No		
River Grove Police Department	No		
Riverton Police Department	No		
Riverwoods Police Department	No		
Robinson Police Department	Yes	2	0
Rochelle Police Department	No		
Rock Falls Police Department	No		
Rock Island County Sheriff's Office	Yes	2	4
Rock Island Police Department	Yes	3	2
Rock Valley College Police Department	No		
Rockdale Police Department	No		
Rockford Police Department	Yes	6	31
Rockton Police Department	No		
Rolling Meadows Police Department	Yes	1	39
Roodhouse Police Department	No		
Roscoe Police Department	Yes	1	17
Roselle Police Department	Yes	3	45
Rosemont Police Department	No		
Rosiclare Police Department	No		
Rossville Police Department	No		
Ruma Police Department	No		
Rushville Police Department	No		
Saline County Sheriff's Office	Yes	2	1
Sandoval Police Department	No		
Schaumburg Police Department	Yes	2	52
Schiller Park Police Department	Yes	1	0
Schuyler County Sheriff's Office	No		
Scott County Sheriff's Office	No		
Shelby County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	2
Shelbyville Police Department	No		
Sherman Police Department	No		
Shiloh Police Department	No		
Shorewood Police Department	Yes	3	3
Sidell Police Department	No		

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Skokie Police Department	Yes	4	39
Somonauk Police Department	No		
South Elgin Police Department	Yes	2	56
South Holland Police Department	Yes		
South Suburban College Police Department	No		
Southern Illinois University Edwardsville Police Department	No		
Springfield Police Department	Yes	8	30
St. Charles Police Department	Yes	1	15
St. Clair County Sheriff's Office	Yes	4	63
Staunton Police Department	No		
Steger Police Department	No		
Sterling Police Department	No		
Stockton Police Department	No		
Stone Park Police Department	No		
Stonington Police Department	Yes	1	0
Streamwood Police Department	Yes	2	1
Streator Police Department	No		
Sugar Grove Police Department	No		
Summit Police Department	Yes	3	76
Sumner Police Department	No		
Swansea Police Department	Yes	1	10
Taylorville Police Department	Yes	1	0
Thomasboro Police Department	No		
Tinley Park Police Department	Yes	5	42
Tremont Police Department	No		
Trenton Police Department	No		
Triton College Police Department	Yes	1	0
Troy Police Department	Yes	2	23
Union Police Department	No		
University of Illinois Police Department	Yes	6	124
University Park Police Department	No		
Urbana Police Department	No		
Venice Police Department	No		
Vermilion County Sheriff's Office	Yes	3	41
Vernon Hills Police Department	Yes	1	221

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Vienna Police Department	No		
Villa Grove Police Department	No		
Villa Park Police Department	No		
Wamac Police Department	No		
Warren County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	0
Warrensburg Police Department	No		
Warrenville Police Department	Yes	3	22
Washington County Sheriff's Office	Yes	2	27
Washington Police Department	Yes	1	12
Waubensee Community College Campus Police	No		
Waukegan Police Department	Yes	10	48
Wayne County Sheriffs Office	Yes	1	14
West Chicago Police Department	Yes	4	28
West Frankfort Police Department	No		
West Salem Police Department	No		
Westchester Police Department	Yes	1	0
Westmont Police Department	Yes	5	156
Westville Police Department	No		
Wheaton Police Department	Yes	4	25
White County Sheriff's Office	No		
Whiteside County Sheriff's Office	Yes	2	7
Will County Sheriff's Office	Yes	4	29
Williamson County Sheriff's Office	Yes	1	0
Willowbrook Police Department	No		
Wilmette Police Department	Yes	4	3
Wilmington Police Department	Yes	1	8
Winchester Police Department	No		
Windsor Police Department	No		
Winfield Police Department	Yes	1	6
Winnebago County Sheriff's Office	Yes	11	27
Winnebago Police Department	No		
Winnetka Police Department	Yes	3	22
Winthrop Harbor Police Department	No		
Wonder Lake Police Department	No		
Woodridge Police Department	Yes	2	10
Woodstock Police Department	Yes	3	66

Law enforcement agency	Does your agency own one or more drones?	How many drones does your agency own?	How many times has your agency used a drone?
Wyanet Police Department	No		
Zion Police Department	Yes	2	12
Total		586	7,859